

TEACHING AND LEARNING PACKAGE FOR PRACTICAL RESEARCH I

Develleres, Veronica P.; Ortiz, Rodolfo B. Completed 2021



E-Saliksik: the DepEd Research Portal is the official repository of education research in the Department of Education (DepEd). This research is funded by the Basic Education Research Fund.



TEACHING AND LEARNING PACKAGE FOR PRACTICAL RESEARCH 1

An Action Research funded through BASIC EDUCATION RESEARCH FUND (BERF) 2021 presented to the Policy, Planning, and Research Division Department of Education – SOCCSKSARGEN Regional Center, Brgy. Carpenter Hill, City of Koronadal

Dr. Veronica P. Develleres

Master Teacher II Dilangalen National High School Cotabato Division

and

Rodolfo B. Ortiz

Master Teacher II Dilangalen National High School Cotabato Division



Department of Education SOCCSKSARGEN REGION

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Title Page	i
Table of Contents	ii
Abstract	iv
Acknowledgment	v
INTRODUCTION	
Context and Rationale	1
Innovation, Intervention, and Strategy	2
Research Questions	3
METHODOLOGY AND RESEARCH DESIGN	
Description of the Action and	
Implementation Plans	4
Study Participants and Selection	4
Instrument and Data Collection	5
Data Analysis	5
Ethical Considerations	5
Plans for Dissemination and Utilization`	5
RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS	
Validity of Teaching and Learning Package	
to Expert Validators and Peers	6
Significant Difference between Pretest	
and Posttest Scores of Students	7
Effect Size of Teaching and Learning Package	
on the Learning Outcomes of	
12 HUMSS Students	8



Department of Education SOCCSKSARGEN REGION

Functionality of Teaching and Learning Package	
to Teachers	8
Functionality of Teaching and Learning Package	
to Students	11
Joint Implication of Quantitative and	
Qualitative Data Results	14
CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	
Conclusions	15
Recommendations	16
References	17
Appendices	
Action Research Workplan and Timelines	18
Cost Estimates	18

Financial Report

19



Abstract

This study developed and assessed a teaching and learning package for Practical Research I. In particular, the study determined the extent of the validity of the teaching and learning package and assessed its functionality in terms of the teachers and students' experiences of utilization. The study employed explanatory sequential mixed methods in gathering the quantitative and qualitative data. Results revealed that the teaching and learning package was highly valid. Moreover, it was found out that there was a very high significant difference in the pretest and posttest scores of the studentparticipants. A large effect size was determined, indicating that the package was effective in improving the learning outcomes of the students. Furthermore, the teaching and learning package was found to be functional to the teachers in terms of facilitation in teaching and responsiveness to teaching needs of the times. Similarly, the student-participants found it functional in terms of helpfulness in understanding and learning the lesson and reinforcement to modular learning. The study, then, may serve as bases in the development of a teaching and learning package in all learning areas for all levels in the Schools Division Office of Cotabato.

Keywords: teaching, learning, package, RPMS, indicators



ACKNOWLEDGMENT

This action research would not have been materialized had it not been for the benevolence and graciousness of the remarkable men and women of the Department of Education whose inspiration and motivation have been very transformative.

As researchers, we owe them greatly and forever, we stand grateful for everything they wittingly and unwittingly extended to us in the completion of this piece of hard work and dedication. We are indebted to:

Dr. Carlito D. Rocafort, CESO IV, Regional Director of DepEd Region XII, for the opportunity given to us to become a part of the pool of action researchers in the Region through Basic Action Research Fund (BERF).

Dr. Glenn A. Bisnar, PPRD Chief, for propelling in us the determination to carry out our action research.

Dr. Isagani S. dela Cruz, CESO V, Schools Division Superintendent of Schools Division of Cotabato, for the full support he has given us in the completion of our paper.

Schools Division Superintendents Dr. Mario M. Bermudez, CESO VI and Dr. Roberto J. Montero, CESO VI, for their time and expertise in scrutinizing our paper during the screening phase and for enhancing our paper with their brilliant and workable suggestions and recommendations.

Dr. Oldric J. Licaros, Division Research Coordinator, for the technical assistance and constant encouragement he has generously shared to us.



Melba S. Torilla, SEPS for Division Planning and Research, for her guidance and constant reminder that helped us stay on track.

Dr. Ermie E. Rabara, P-III, principal of Dilangalen National High School, Janet D. Tayong, P-I, Asst. SHS Principal for Academics, and Gina A. Fontanilla, P-I, Asst. Principal for Operations and Learner Support, for their full support that motivated us to continue with the paper.

Dr. Joan N. Sison for her expertise in ensuring that our instruments were fit for data gathering.

Our colleagues at Dilangalen National High School, our respective family, and friends who never failed to inspire us to get through the challenges of completing the paper especially at this time of the pandemic.

Our participants, teachers and students, for their generosity in both time and resources they shared during the conduct of the phone interviews.

And most of all, to God the Almighty, for his unending grace and mercy which kept us strong, resilient and even more determined to finish this action research.

To all whose research ideas, insights, and drive have been poured out in this paper, our gratitude and salute!

> VPD RBO



INTRODUCTION

Context and Rationale

The demand for teaching and learning has changed for the School Year 2020-2021 due to COVID-19. Education institutions, including the Department of Education (DepEd), shifted focus to delivering education remotely through various distance learning delivery modalities (DLDMs) (DM-PHROD-2021-0010, 2021). The shift resulted to the adaption of practical learning delivery modalities across the country including self-learning modules, TV-based lessons, and radio-based lessons.

In searching for learning resources to be used in their classes, teachers, however, experienced some concerns. Most materials sourced from various sources were inappropriate to the learners' context, not to mention the absence of teachers as facilitators of learning. Besides, in the context of the researchers, students who took Practical Research 1 (Qualitative Research) recorded low scores in the assessments on the two quarters of the first semester of the SY 2020-2021.

To this end, a teaching and learning package which includes lesson exemplars, video lessons, radio-based lessons, students' texts, and cognitive activity sheets was proposed to help address the problems and eventually help in concretizing the learning continuity plan of the Department of Education.



Lesson exemplars are used to help students gain a firm understanding, in a concrete, contextual, and non-threatening fashion, of exactly what it is that is required of them. These exemplars often lead students to the improvement of understanding of key concepts and the improvement of their grades and the development of consistent application of criteria and standards (Newlyn, 2013).

Moreover, video lessons are effective in increasing learning among students (Bevan, 2020; Mendoza & Caranto, 2015) and have been proven to have a high level of effectiveness as a tool to enhance the quality of teaching (Calandra & Rich, 2015). Also, radio-based lessons can improve literacy, numeracy, and English language skills (McBurnie, 2020). They can contain contextualized lessons and activities to respond to the needs of the learners especially in the light of the pandemic. Also, a guided workbook will facilitate acquisition of learning.

In this context, the researchers proposed a learning package to suit the localized needs of learners. Similarly, the teachers have looked for easy-to-use yet need-responsive materials for their learners.

Innovation, Intervention, and Strategy

A Teaching and Learning Package for Practical Research 1 was developed by the researchers. The package includes a video lesson, a radiobased lesson, a teacher's lesson exemplars, and a student's text. All these materials developed, assessed, and approved for utilization are contextualized



to the level of intelligence as well as the culture and context of the learners. Moreover, they are innovated out of the desire to produce learning materials that students can easily relate with, thereby helping them learn better and more effectively.

Research Questions

This study aimed to develop a teaching and learning package in Practical Research 1 and assess its functionality. Specifically, it sought to answer the following questions:

- 1. To what extent is the validity of the learning package to the expert validators and peers in terms of:
 - a. language
 - b. technical aspects
 - c. content
 - d. learning competencies
 - e. contextualization
 - f. cognitive levels
 - g. learner's diversity, and
 - h. ICT integration.
- 2. Is there a significant difference in the pretest and the posttest scores of the students when the teaching and learning package is used?
- 3. What is the effect size of teaching and learning package on the learning outcomes of 12 HUMSS students?
- 4. How functional is the teaching and learning package to the teachers?
- 5. How functional is the teaching and learning package to the students?



6. What is the joint implication of the quantitative and qualitative data?

METHODOLOGY AND RESEARCH DESIGN

Description of the Action and Implementation Plans

Mixed methods research specifically explanatory sequential design was employed to gather the quantitative and qualitative data.

The researchers developed the Teaching and Learning Package (TLP) using the Results-Based Performance Management System (RPMS) indicators.

The TLP was subjected to experts' validation. After the validated materials were revised and approved for utilization, a dry run was conducted. The recommendations of the participants of the dry run were incorporated in the package.

Then, the revised TLP was administered to the participants. Pretest and posttest scores were obtained. Also, qualitative data on their experiences were gathered through phone interviews.

Study Participants and Selection

The participants were Grade 12 HUMSS A to D Practical Research 1 students of the Senior High School of Dilangalen National High School, determined using total enumeration.



Instrument and Data Collection

A researcher-made validation sheet was given to the experts and researchers' peers to determine the validity of the package. Also, pretest and posttest scores were obtained from the student-participants.

Interview guide questions were used to teachers and students who were interviewed through phone interviews.

Data Analysis

Mean scores and measure of effectiveness (ME) were used in analyzing quantitative data.

Concepts and themes were generated from the transcripts. Both the transcripts and themes were subjected to interrater check.

Ethical Considerations

The study strictly adhered to ethical and moral standards. The identity of the participants and the data were treated with utmost respect, confidentiality, and anonymity. Health protocols were highly observed to keep the participants safe from COVID-19 virus.

Plans for Dissemination and Utilization

The results of the study will be disseminated to the Senior High School Department during the Learning Action Cell (LAC). The results will, likewise, be shared to the Secondary Cluster Schools for proposal of the utilization of



Republic of the Philippines Department of Education

SOCCSKSARGEN REGION

the learning package. The study will also be shared to various research

conferences.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

Validity of Teaching and Learning Package to Expert Validators and Peers

Table 1 shows the validity of the TLP based on the validation made by

Table 1. Validity of Teaching and Learning Package to Expert Validators andPeers expert validators and peers of the researchers.

Key Indicators	x	SD		
n=12			Description	
Language	3.54	0.72	Highly valid	
Technical Aspects	3.60	0.83	Highly valid	
Content	3.82	0.87	Highly valid	
Learning Competencies	3.70	0.76	Highly valid	
Contextualization	3.12	0.92	Moderately valid	
Cognitive Levels	3.66	0.85	Highly valid	
Learners' Diversity	3.83	0.93	Highly valid	
ICT Integration	2.92	0.86	Moderately valid	
Total	3.52		Highly Valid	

Likert Scale:

1:00 – 1.49	Not valid
1.50 – 2.49	Fairly valid
2.50 3.49	Moderately valid
3.50 – 4.00	Highly valid

Overall, it reveals that the TLP was **highly valid** as shown in the overall mean rating of 3.52. Its high validity indicates that the TLP contains most of the RPMS indicators included in the study. Foremost of the indicators found



as highly valid were content, learning competencies, cognitive levels, learners' diversity, and language and technical aspects.

Further, Table 1 reveals that *Learners' Diversity* got the highest mean of 3.83 described as *highly valid*. This finding is supported by the themes from the participants of the study. These themes collaboratively point out to the TLP being *Responsive to Different Kinds of Learners* and *Responsiveness to different learner types*, respectively. However, *ICT integration* is shown with the lowest mean of 2.92 described as *moderately valid*.

Significant Difference between Pretest and Posttest Scores of Students

Table 2 presents the significant difference in the scores of the students' pretest and posttest in the TLP.

 Table 2. Significant Difference Between Pretest and Posttest Scores of

 Students

Variables	n=170	SD	x	Mean p-		Description
				Difference	value	
Pretest		2.11	7.01			Very High
Posttest		1.55	10.47	-3.46	0.00**	Significant
						Difference

0.00** Very high significant difference at 0.05 level

The table reveals that the mean score in the posttest at 10.47 is much higher than the mean score in the pretest at 7.01. The mean scores showed a mean difference of -3.46. The table also presents a p-value of 0.00^{**} which means that there is a very high significant difference between the pretest and posttest scores at 0.05 level. The difference indicates that the TLP was effective in improving the learning outcomes of the student-participants.



Republic of the Philippines Department of Education

SOCCSKSARGEN REGION

Effect Size of Teaching and Learning Package on the Learning Outcomes of 12 HUMSS Students

Table 3 shows the effect size of the package on the learning outcomes

of the student-participants.

Table 3. Effect Size of Teaching and Learning Package on the Learning Outcomes of 12 HUMSS Students

Variables	n=170	SD	x	t- value	Measure of Effectiveness	Description
Teaching and Learning Package		1.55	10.47	13.15	0.636	Large Effect
Meas	sure of Eff	fectiven	ess (ME)			
	0.510 - 0.310 - 0.000 -	0.500	Mo	ge Effect derate Ef all Effect	fect	

The table reveals that the TLP yielded a mean of 10.47 and a t-value of 13.15. With 0.636 as its measure of effectiveness, the TLP has a *large effect* on the learning outcomes of the participants. The result implies that the TLP was effective in increasing the learning of the student-participants.

Functionality of Teaching and Learning Package to Teachers

Table 4 shows the functionality of the teaching and learning package to teachers. It presents concepts and themes based on their responses.

Table 4. Functionality of Teaching and Learning Package to Teachers

Concepts	Themes
provided further explanations leading to the mastery of the competency (<i>TP1</i>)	
provided many activities for thinking process	Facilitation



Department of Education

SOCCSKSARGEN REGION

(<i>TP2</i>)	
provided easy-to-do activities (TP3)	
provided supplementary for further	
understanding (TP4)	
beneficial to the teachers for all were there that addressed the educational demands of time (<i>TP4</i>)	Flexibility
answered the educational needs of the teacher and learners not only in time of crisis but at all times (<i>TP6</i>)	
address all kinds of learners in all situations	
(TP2)	
caters to the diverse needs of the learners (TP1)	
relevant and applicable to all learners even in the far-flung barangays (<i>TP3</i>)	Diversity
exhibit different kinds of lessons that respond to the varied needs of students (<i>TP5</i>)	

Facilitation. The teacher-participants expressed that they found the TLP useful to them since it facilitated their teaching of the subject. They found that it helped them teach the subject easily for it provided explanations (TP1), a number of activities for thinking process (TP2), easy-to-do activities (TP3), and supplementary materials for further understanding (TP4) as shown in the following sample responses:

...provided further explanations leading to the mastery of the competency (TP1)

... provided many activities for thinking process (TP2)

... provided easy-to-do activities (TP3)

... provided supplementary for further understanding (TP4)



The results imply that when teachers used the TLP, they found ease in teaching considering the presence of activities that can engage their learners into thinking and understanding.

Flexibility. The participants found out that the TLP is beneficial to them as Practical Research 1 teachers especially during this time of the COVID-19 pandemic. The TLP provides not just what learners need in the new normal education, but also during face-to-face instruction as shown in the following sample responses:

... all were there that addressed the educational demands of time (TP4)answered the educational needs of the teacher and learners not only In time of crisis but at all times (TP6)

The flexibility of the TLP proves to be very beneficial across time.

Diversity. The transcripts also revealed that the participants found the TLP useful since it caters to the different types of learners.

...address all kinds of learners in all situations (TP2) ...caters to the diverse needs of the learners (TP1) ...lessons that respond to the varied needs of students (TP5)

This finding reveals that the TLP addresses the needs of various learners for it can respond to the visual and aural needs of the learners. It implies that learners can watch the video to supplement the module. They, too, can play the radio-based instruction lesson.



Republic of the Philippines Department of Education

SOCCSKSARGEN REGION

Functionality of Teaching and Learning Package to Students

The functionality of the TLP is one aspect of the study that was given focus as well.

Table 5 presents the themes that emerged from the studentparticipants' responses in the phone interview.

Table 5. Functionality of Teaching and Learning Package to Students

CONCEPTS	THEMES
it can help me to understand it clearly (S-P1)	
helpful po syalalo na ung sa mahirap maka intindi ng lesson po (S-P2)	Helpfulness in understanding and
iyong video at module ay nakakatulong po para maiintindihan po namin iyong lesson (S- P5)	learning the lesson
Helpful siraahmmmsa pag intindi ng lesson (S-P6)	
marami kang optionkasi kung gusto mong manood, meron video lessonkung gusto mo naman makinig, meron ding radio lesson.(S- P3)	Responsiveness to different learner types
kung saan kmi ms komportble naiyong na mas madali namin naiintindihan iyong lesson po (S-P7)	
hindi po basta basta maintindihan ang lessonkailangan po talaga yong audio at videomas maelabrote po yong learning mo po (S-P2)	Reinforcement of modular
mahirap po intindihin dahil ako lang po isa ang nag iintindi pero kung may rbi o video na link mas maiintindihan pa namin lalo at iyong knowledge namin ay mag improve (S-P4)	learning



Helpfulness in understanding and in learning the lesson. With their use

of the TLP, the student-participants revealed the package had helped them understand and learn the lesson.

S-P1, S-P2, S-P5, and S-P6 all expressed that they learned and

understood the lesson using the TLP.

- ...it can help me to understand it clearly because it says it about it (S-P1)
- ...helpful po sya..lalo na ung sa mahirap maka intindi ng lesson po (it is helpful ..especially for those who have a difficulty understanding a lesson) *S-P2*)
- ...iyong video at module ay nakakatulong po para maiintindihan po Namin iyong lesson (the video and module can help in order to understand the lesson) (S-P5)
- ...*Helpful sir....aahmmm...sa pag intindi ng lesson (*it is helpful sir...ahmm..In understanding the lesson) (S-P6)

They attributed this help in making them learn and understand the lesson in the package to the variety of presentations of the same lesson or topic. With the module alone given to them to learn the lesson on the different types of qualitative designs, they revealed they could not easily grasp the lesson being discussed.

Responsiveness to different learner types. When the lesson was packaged differently, they said they learned a lot from the lesson. Moreover, S-P3 and S-P7 believed they could learn the lesson better. They both held that since the package offered options for learning, it was beneficial to them.

...marami kang option..kasi kung gusto mong manood, meron video lesson,,, ,kung gusto mo naman makinig, meron ding radio lesson (you have



Department of Education

SOCCSKSARGEN REGION

Many options...because if you want to watch, you have the video lesson...if you want to listen, there is also the radio lesson... (S-P3)

.. kung saan kmi mas komportble na. iyong na mas madali namin Naiintindihan iyong lesson po..(where we can be comfortable already..that which is easier for us to understand the lesson) (S-P7)

Reinforcement of modular learning. The student-participants opened

that the video and radio lessons component of the teaching and learning

package helped them understand the lesson. They said they better understood

the lesson in the students' text or guided workbook when they watched the

video and radio lessons. According to them,

- ...hindi po basta basta maintindihan ang lesson...kailangan po talaga yong audio at video...mas maelabrote po yong learning mo po (the lesson cannot just be easily understood...audio and video are needed..they can elaborate your learning more) (S-P2)
- ... pero kung may rbi o video na link mas maiintindihan pa namin lalo at iyong knowledge namin ay mag improve (if there is rbi or video link, we can better understand and our knowledge will improve) (S-P4)

Furthermore, S-P2 opened that since some students are not good at reading or analysis, she said that proper guidance is needed to understand like the one done during face-to-face classes where a teacher guides his students in the lesson. She underscored that such guidance can also be obtained through the other parts of the package:

- ...naibibigay iyon ng audio at video lesson (audio and video lesson can give it) (S-P2).
- ...with RBI and video lesson, mas makaintindi po ako at mag increase ang aking malalaman (With RBI and video lesson, I can understand and my knowledge can increase) (S-P4)
- ...Maplay ko ang audio lesson at video lesson upang mapakinggan ng paulit ulit para makalearn. (I can play the audio lesson and video



lesson to listenand watch repeatedly in order to learn full well.) *(S-P8)*

...*mas naintindihan ko ang lesson dahil sa video lesson* (learning through video lesson helps me understand the lesson more (*S-P6*)

The statements above imply that the parts of the package reinforced one another. Based on the participants' experiences in using the package, listening to the radio-based lesson or viewing the video lesson helped them in understanding the lesson more and in increasing them knowledge about it. They can also repeatedly play the audio and video materials for them to fully learn the lesson.

They, further, said that the language used in the package and the pacing of the radio-based lesson and video lesson were suitable to their level.

Joint Implication of Quantitative and Qualitative Data Results

Table 6 below presents a picture of the connection between the quantitative and qualitative data in terms of the indicators for validation and the qualitative responses.

Quantitative	Qualitative	Joint Display	Implication	
Data	Data			
The measure of effectiveness (ME) is 0.636 described as <i>large effect</i> of the teaching and learning package to the learning outcomes of the	The teaching and learning package was functional to both teachers and students in terms of the indicators under study.	Convergent	The teaching and learning package was effective in improving the learning outcomes of the students. Hence, it was functional	

Table 6. Joint Implication of Quantitative and Qualitative Data Results



Department of Education

SOCCSKSARGEN REGION

students with a		to both teachers	
SD of 1.55.	It can help me to understand it clearly because it says it about it (S-P1) provided many	and students.	
	activities for thinking process (T-P2) provided easy-to- do activities (T- P3)		

This convergence of both the quantitative and qualitative data implies that the TLP was effective in improving the learning outcomes of the students. Hence, the TLP was found to be functional by both teachers and students.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Conclusions

1. The teaching and learning package for Practical Research I developed by the researchers is highly valid.

- 2. The use of the package in Practical Research I helped the students in improving their learning outcomes in the subject.
 - 3. The package is functional to both teachers and students.



Recommendations

1. The teaching and learning package for Practical Research I shall be proposed for use in Senior High Schools in the Schools Division Office of Cotabato.

2. The results of the study shall be presented to the researchers' colleagues through School Learning Action Cell (SLAC).

3. A teaching and learning package shall be developed in all competencies of Practical Research 1.

4. A teaching and learning package shall be developed in all disciplines in both Junior and Senior High Schools.

5. A training program on the development of a TLP shall be undertaken in schools especially to those with existing radio and TV facilities or those which have been producing RBI and TVBI lessons.

6. Development and utilization of learning packages to learners within Schools Division Office of Cotabato and other Divisions within Region XII shall be proposed.



Department of Education

SOCCSKSARGEN REGION

References

- Department of Education. MEMORANDUM DM-PHROD-2021-0010. Guidelines on the Implementation of the Results-based Performance Management System for School Year 2020-2021. Pasig City.
- Bevan, M (2020). *Why Videos are Important*. nextthoughtstudios.com on August 23, 2021.
- Calandra, B. and Rich, P. (2015), *Digital Video for Teacher Education: Research and Practice*, New York: Routledge.
- McBurnie, C. (2020). The role of interactive radio instruction in the COVID-19 education response.
- Mendoza, L. and Caranto, D. (2015). Effectiveness of Video Presentations to Students' Learning. *International Journal of Nursing Science*.
- Newlyn, D. (2013). Providing Exemplars in the Learning Environment: The Case For and Against. *Universal Journal of Educational Researc.* Horizon Research Publishing



Department of Education SOCCSKSARGEN REGION

Action Research Workplan and Timelines

Gantt Chart of Action Research Activities

ACTIVITIES	MONTH	MONTH	MONTH	MONTH	MONTH	MONTH
	1	2	3	4	5	6
1. Proposal						
making						
2. Proposal						
submission						
3. Lesson						
Writing proper						
4. Validation of						
the Package						
5. Revision of						
Validated						
Package						
6. Dry run						
7. Revision of						
the package						
8.						
Administration						
of the						
Package						
9. In-depth						
Interviews						
10.Analysis						
data						
11. Final paper						
writing						
12. Results						
Dissemination						

Cost Estimates

ACTIVITIES	RESOURCES NEEDED	AMOUNT
Research Proposal Preparation and printing	Bond paper Ink	PhP 1,000.00
Travel expenses (submission, presentation, completion of project)	PUV, Bus	3, 000.00
Snacks for administration of the package	Food	1,000.00
Reproduction of learning package for dry run and actual use		3,000.00



Department of Education SOCCSKSARGEN REGION

Book binding		3,000.00
Results dissemination	Food, logistics	1,000.00
	Total	PhP 12, 000.00

Financial Report

ACTIVITIES	RESOURCES NEEDED	AMOUNT	ACTUAL AMOUNT & OR NUMBER
Preparation and printing of research proposal	Bond paper, ink	Php 1, 000.00	1, 050.00 (#0957)
Travel expenses	Gas / fuel / fare	3, 000.00	1, 339.41 (#0957) 920.58 (#0959) 1, 233.33 (#0967)
Snacks for learning package administration	Food	1, 0000.00	1, 500.00 (#000891)
Reproduction of learning package for dry run and school use		3, 000.00	3, 000.00 (#004133)
Book binding		3, 000.00	3, 000.00 (#004023)
Dissemination for results	Food, logistics	1, 000.00	1, 200.00 (#000892)
		Total 12, 000.00	13, 243.32



Department of Education SOCCSKSARGEN REGION